## **CLAIMS**

- 1. A network device to identify a non-adaptive flow, comprising:
- a processor executing first instructions to drop packets on a random basis using
- 3 a RED algorithm;
- a classifier to read indicia of a selected flow from at least one field of a header
- of a packet received by said device;
- a processor executing second instructions to calculate a drop interval for packets
- of said selected flow dropped by said RED algorithm, in response to a time at which
- said packets were dropped; and,
- a processor executing third instructions to apply a statistical test to drop
- intervals of a plurality of flows in order to identify said non-adaptive flow.
  - 2. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein said processor executing said second instructions
- to calculate a drop interval for packets of said selected flow dropped by said RED
- algorithm further comprise:
- said processor executing said second instructions to calculate said drop interval by
- subtracting from a first time at which the most recently received packet was dropped, a
- 6 second time at which an earlier dropped packet was dropped
- 3. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein said processor executing third instructions to
- apply a statistical test, further comprises:

- a processor executing fourth instructions to calculate a median drop interval for
- said selected flow, said median drop interval having one half of the drop intervals
- 5 larger than said median and having one half of the drop intervals less than said median;
- 6 and,
- a processor executing fifth instructions to compute a statistical difference by
- subtracting 0.693 times said average drop interval from said median drop interval, and
- 9 in the event that said statistical difference exceeds a selected threshold, identifying said
- selected flow as a non-adaptive flow.
- 4. The apparatus as in claim 3 further comprising:
- a processor executing sixth instructions to compute a "departure from
- 3 exponential mean" (DEM) value, said DEM value computed by subtracting from
- 4 said 0.693 times said average drop interval, said median drop interval; and,
- a processor executing seventh instructions to compare said DEM value with the
- 6 number 0.5, and in the event that the DEM value is within a preselected range of 0.5,
- 7 to identify said flow as non-adaptive.
- 5. The apparatus as in claim 4 wherein said preselected range is between 0.45 and any
- 2 number larger than 0.5.
  - 6. The apparatus as in claim 4 further comprising:

- a processor executing eighth instructions to select said preselected range
- dynamically in response to DEM values of selected flows.
- 7. The apparatus as in claim 6 further comprising:
- a processor executing ninth instructions to select said selected flows as a subset
- of all flows, said subset having selected values of DEM less than a largest value of
- 4 DEM computed in a set of flows.
- 8. The apparatus as in claim 1 wherein said network device is a router.
- 9. The apparatus as in claim 1 wherein said network device is a switch.
- 1 10. A method of operating a network device, comprising:
- dropping packets on a random basis using a RED algorithm;
- reading indicia of a selected flow from at least one field of a header of a packet
- 4 received by said device;
- 5 calculating a drop interval for packets of said selected flow dropped by said
- RED algorithm, in response to a time at which said packets were dropped; and,
- applying a statistical test to drop intervals of a plurality of flows in order to
- 8 identify said non-adaptive flow.
- 11. The method of claim 10 further comprising:

- calculating said drop interval by subtracting from a first time at which the most
- 3 recently received packet was dropped, a second time at which an earlier dropped packet
- 4 was dropped.
- 1 12. The method of claim 10 further comprising:
- 2 calculating a median drop interval for said selected flow, said median drop
- interval having one half of the drop intervals larger than said median and having one
- 4 half of the drop intervals less than said median; and,
- 5 computing a statistical difference by subtracting 0.693 times said average drop
- 6 interval from said median drop interval, and in the event that said statistical difference
- exceeds a selected threshold, identifying said selected flow as a non-adaptive flow.
- 1 13. The method of claim 10 further comprising:
- computing a "departure from exponential mean" (DEM) value, said DEM value
- 3 computed by subtracting from said 0.693 times said average drop interval, said median
- 4 drop interval; and,
- 5 comparing said DEM value with the number 0.5, and in the event that the DEM
- value is within a preselected range of 0.5, to identify said flow as non-adaptive.
- 1 14. The method of claim 10 further comprising:
- selecting said preselected range between 0.45 and any number larger than 0.5.

- 1 15. The method as in claim 13 further comprising:
- selecting said preselected range dynamically in response to DEM values of
- 3 selected flows.
- 1 16. The apparatus as in claim 14 further comprising:
- selecting said selected flows as a subset of all flows, said subset having selected
- values of DEM less than a largest value of DEM computed in a set of flows.
- 17. The method of claim 10 further comprising: executing said method in a router.
- 18. The method of claim 10 further comprising: executing said method in a switch.
- 1 19. A computer readable media having written thereon instructions for practicing the
- 2 method of claim 10.
- 20. Signals transmitted over a computer network having encoded therein instructions
- 2 for practicing the method of claim 10.